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FROM THE HISTORY OF THE MARRIAGE REGISTRATION OF TASHKENT

Khurshida Tillakhodzhaeva Dzhumavaevna

Senior Lecturer

khurshida.tillakhujaeva@tdtu.uz

Kholikova Raxbar Ergashevna

Professor, Doctor of Historical Sciences,

Inatov Murod Niyatovich

Associate Professor, Candidate of Historical Sciences,

Dehkanov Maxmud Roxataliyevich

Associate Professor, Department of History of Uzbekistan, Tashkent State Technical University
named after Islam Karimov

Annotation

This article provides information about the history of the justice system and its functions, operating in Uzbekistan since 1924. In particular, there is information regarding the activities of the Ministry of Justice of the Ministry of Justice, information regarding its organization, a lot of information about the work of all departments of the Ministry of Justice in Tashkent. Also, problems, solutions and perspectives in the organization of civil registration authorities, which have been operating for many years, will help to study the topic more closely.

Key words: Republic of Turkestan, Commissariat of Justice, plenum, charter, notary, registry office, marriage house, marriage, birth, death, divorce, custom, family, Family Code, Sharia marriage.

Since the history of our country is very long, the concept of justice has existed in our country since very ancient times, and the fact that it acts as an office is obvious to us from historical sources.

On November 26, 1924, on the basis of the People's Commissariat of Justice of the Autonomous Republic of Turkestan, by the resolution of the Revolutionary Committee, the People's Commissariat of Justice of Uzbekistan was established, the main purpose of which was to coordinate the activities of the judicial authorities in the territory of the former Bukhara Emirate, Khorezm and Kokand emirate, which are part of the territory, by the resolution of May 6, 1925, the Charter of the People's Commissariat of Justice was approved, defining structure and powers of the Department of Justice. Its functions were discussed at plenums and councils on issues related to the activities of the People's territorial courts, the bar, the notary, the Civil Affairs Registration Authority. On December 22, 1926, some amendments and additions were made to the Statute of the People's Commissariat of Justice, and

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About the authors : Khurshida Tillakhodzhaeva Dzhumavaevna

Email: khurshida.tillakhujaeva@tdtu.uz

on October 11, 1931, its new regulation was adopted. Subsequently, this decision also led to a number of amendments due to changes in the system and functions of the prosecution authorities.

On October 1, 1970, the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Soviet Socialist Republic of Uzbekistan adopted a decree "On the establishment of the Ministry of Justice of the Soviet Socialist Republic of Uzbekistan". And in 1972, on September 27, it was approved by the Council of Ministers. In accordance with the regulations of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, approved by Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated August 23, 2011 No. 1602 "On measures to further improve the activities of the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Uzbekistan", the Central Department of the Ministry of Justice, regional and Tashkent city, other judicial bodies and at the same time the Department of Justice of the city of Tashkent provides notary services in Tashkent, the notary archive, as well as the body and divisions of the marriage records and archive.

On December 18, 1917, the registry offices were subordinated to the Council of People's Commissars of Turkestan, on November 15, 1919 - to the People's Commissariat of Internal Affairs, and in 1927-1941, the civil registration departments were subordinated to the People's Commissariat of Internal Affairs of the former SSR of Uzbekistan

1948-1949 was considered the department of acts of civil status of the Ministry of Internal Affairs. In 1950-1953, the Ministry of State Security was considered the department of civil status records. In 1954-1957, it was again considered the Office of Civil Status Acts of the Ministry of Internal Affairs. In 1958-1989, the bodies of the Soviet Union were directly subordinate to the executive committees of the city and district Soviets of Workers' Deputies of the former Uzbek SSR.

Since 1989, the Ministry of Justice has been directly in charge of the bodies for the preparation of acts of civil status. Since 1989, the Ministry of Justice has been directly supervising the bodies for the issuance of acts of civil status.

Methodology

In the process of writing a scientific article, relying on many sources and factors that caused the topic, it was studied one by one. At the same time, interviews were conducted with employees of the registry offices of various districts that are part of the Department of Justice for the city of Tashkent, and their work activities were studied.

The personal files and work processes of dedicated employees who have worked in these bodies for many years were also studied. At the same time, the responsible persons of the registry offices, employees of the management system received advice on the historical processes of the formation of the registry offices in our capital and got acquainted with them. Of course, first of all, you should contact the Archive of the Civil Registry Office and check the materials related to work there.

Result

Of the 16 marriage records in the city of Tashkent, there are 11 registry offices, 4 marriage houses and the registry office archive in the city of Tashkent. A number of works have been carried out in the Department of Justice, such as reliable protection of constitutional rights and freedoms of citizens, creativity of norms, multifaceted development of civil society institutions, raising legal awareness, legal culture of the population in society, improving the efficiency of notaries, consultants, registry

offices, preventing the creation of bureaucratic. Among the employees who have worked for many years in the registry office and were awarded a number of titles for their dedication, the head of the Department of Justice of the city of Tashkent in 2014 was awarded the honorary title of "lawyer serving in the Republic of Uzbekistan" – Azimova Zukhra Muzaffarovna, consultant of the Notary Department of marriage records. Sirajiddinova Khalida Nigmatova awarded the medal "Shukhrat" in 2003, the head of the marriage records of the Almazar district of Tashkent, Ruzieva Barno Tashpulatovna awarded the medal "Shukhrat" in 2010. And as an example, many more representatives of this sphere can be cited.

Until 2014, she directly supervised the work of the notary, the marriage records and Archives Department. Together with the management of the activities of the marriage records, she took measures to improve the provision of paid legal services to the population. The State Notary and the State Administration of Civil Aviation dealt with issues related to material and technical support, construction of buildings for them, provision of modern machinery and equipment, creation of appropriate working conditions for employees. It provided for the maintenance and compilation of statistical reports submitted by the relevant marriage records to the management. Since 1992, one of the main branches of the department began its activity on drawing up acts of notaries, consultants, civil cases (marriage records). This Department is an authorized body of the Ministry of Justice. Today, 11 branches of the regional registry office and 4 Central Wedding Houses operate in the city of Tashkent, they held other events related to 48,758 births, 22,783 marriages, 5,571 information about the dissolution of marriage and 18,892 deaths in 2021.

On the initiative and under the leadership of the Department, "young family school " are organized in all bodies of the marriage records. They are held meetings, conversations, lectures aimed at raising the population, especially young people studying in universities, colleges and high schools, legal awareness and legal culture. At these meetings, together with representatives of the medical, cultural and social spheres, the audience will be provided with detailed information on issues of reproductive health of the population, improvement of social and economic, cultural conditions of young families. In connection with the " year of a healthy mother, a healthy child", many meetings and seminars, together with the employees and lawyers of the recording of civil status acts , will be organized through the mass media. It has become a tradition to hold annual "The Best Employee of the recording of civil status acts " contests under the leadership of the Ministry of foreign affairs, and the main purpose of this competition is to increase the knowledge of employees of the Ministry of foreign affairs in their fields, exchange experience, find solutions to difficult and controversial issues encountered in practice. In addition, these events contribute to the study of national traditions, their development and adaptation to today's conditions and requirements, modernization of marriage and family ceremonies, promotion of family traditions and values, as well as exchange of Experience, Study and understanding of legislative innovations. At present, the department carries out its activities in coordination with the courts, prosecutors and internal affairs bodies. With the participation of employees of these bodies, many seminars, training sessions, question-and-answer nights, generalizations on the most complex problematic issues are held and discussed.

Archive of the marriage records of the Republic of Uzbekistan the head of the Department of Justice of the Republic of Uzbekistan is a structural subdivision of the marriage records of the Republic of Uzbekistan Department of Justice of the city of Tashkent and provides the necessary conditions for the storage and use of documents on the civil status of the central bank of the Republic The procedure for the organization of the activities of the archive of the marriage records , as well as the maintenance of the registry of records of acts of civil status in them, shall be determined by legislative acts. According to the order of the Department of Justice of the city of Tashkent on October 7, 2016, the centralized archive of the marriage records of the city of Tashkent was renamed the archive of the marriage records of the city of Tashkent. Today in the archive (the first years of independence) from 1993 year F.F Xojiakbarova, from 1997 year G.N.Sultanova, from 1999 year N.R.Ziyaeva, F. Sh. Djuraeva from 2009, from 2011 N.I.Ikramovalar is operating. In providing qualified legal services to citizens, the employees of the archive apply to the rules of registration of acts of civil status approved by the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Family Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Civil Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan, resolution 387 of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated November 14, 2016.

In the archive of the marriage records of Tashkent City, the second copies of the records of the act of civil status recorded by the bodies of the marriage records of 11 districts and 4 marriage houses in Tashkent City, as well as the first copies of the records of the act of civil status recorded by the consular institutions of the Republic of Uzbekistan In the archive Fund: Act records recorded in one copy by marriage records Kuybishev(1918-1943), October (1923-1943), Lenin ((1930-1943), Stalin (1930-1943), Kirov (1937-1943), from 1944 year 7 types: birth, marriage arrangement, divorce from marriage, the assignment of paternity, adoption to childhood, change of surname, name, and patronymic, Death Act records, as well as from 1996 year there are 4 types, that is, the second copies of the act records of birth, the conclusion of marriage, divorce from marriage and death.

In addition, a total of 16 books of the German-Lutheran Church "book of acts of birth" (1892-1915 years), "Book of acts of marriage" (1899-1920), book of acts of death (1898-1917 years), Book of acts of birth of the Cathedral of Georgiev(1888-1915 years) are stored. The study of the records of the act of civil status stored in the archive showed that: on December 18, 1917, on the basis of the decree of the Council of people's commissars of Turkistan "on carrying out the registration of civil cases" 26 January issued the order of the Council of people's commissars of Turkistan on the establishment of Birth, Marriage, Divorce are forbidden.

In 1918 in the city of Tashkent was founded only one rayon, that is, Novgorod-a new city rayon (later changed to the name of Kuybishev), the BYU of ZAGS was established, and this BYU of ZAGS was born on October 3, 1917 year with the number 1 from March 14, 1918 by the name of Elizaveta Tshepanovskaya the letter of the birth ismaev anisim matveevich and ismaeva Vera Ivanovna Blagovetshensky of the middle Tashkent City J.D. it was noted in the act that the church was separated from the marriage of February 28, 1917 №125. In 1918 Year 2 April with the number 1 recorded an act of death on behalf of Svikle Tamara.

Since 1918, the house of marriage and weddings authorities in tashkent is coming house operates if one of them: the bureau of turkestan military districts marriage records concluded in 1918 - 1994 mirzo ulugbek district conducts many activities that will be doing weddings from the house, in the old city

later marriage records bureau October 1923 - 8 may 1992 shaykhantakhur district house weddings is beyond marriage records in 1930, the bureau of the stalin - weddings chilanzar area from 1963 house in 1930, the bureau of Lenin marriage records beyond - 1995 mirabad area weddings from the house, The marriage records from the bureau of frunze district August 26, 1936 - may 8 1992 weddings yakkasaray area house districts marriage registration bureau Kirov in the year 1937 - 8 may 1992, Yunusabad district, house weddings in the year 1964 1-the house of the number of marriage - weddings sergeli district from 1967 to house the bureau of khamza district marriage records in 1968 - 29, yashnobod district August 2014 house weddings is beyond Sobir Rakhimov marriage records bureau in the year 1971 - 2011, almazar area, weddings, house, 27 may 1975-the 2 number of the "Shodlik" of marriage, the house, Akmal Ikromov bureau marriage records beyond 1978 - 2005 uchtepa district house weddings from 1 July 1981, and concluded "navruz" happiness in 1991 from the house of "navruz" marriage house - 2005 "Navruz" the ceremony of marriage and the family center from 2006 "Navruz" the house of marriage, 1990, bektimir area weddings from the house, the center of the family ceremony in 1993 - 2012, while from 3-number of houses are functioning with the name of marriage. On December 18, 1917, the departments for recording the acts of civil status of this organization were subordinated to the Council of people's commissars of Turkistan, on November 15, 1919 the Commissariat of Internal Affairs, on November 15, 1927-47 the departments for recording acts of civil status were subordinated to the people's Commissariat of internal affairs of the former 1948-49 years was considered a branch of the acts of civil status of the Ministry of internal affairs. In 1950-53 years, the Ministry of State Security was considered to be the Department of Civil Status Acts. In 1958-89, the bodies of the marriage registration were directly subordinated to the executive branches of the city and district Soviets of the deputies of the workers of the former USSR of Uzbekistan. And since 1989 year the bodies of writing acts of civil status are again directly part of the Ministry of Justice. In the fund of the archive of the Tashkent City of the Academy of Sciences there are books about birth today-10099 pieces, about marriage-4732 pieces, about divorce from marriage-1313 pieces, about death-5436 pieces, about the designation of paternity-133 pieces, about the adoption of a child-83 pieces, about the change of surname, name and patronymic-55 pieces, about registration 311 the total is 22662 books.

According to the requirements of paragraph 209 of the rules for registration of acts of civil status approved by the decree of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated November 14, 2016 № 387, the first copies of Act records recorded by consular institutions abroad are stored in the archive of the marriage registration of the Justice Department of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

Today in the archive fund there are first copies on birth 184 books , 2 books on marriage, 18 books on death, 204 books of the act of civil status, recorded by consular institutions of foreign countries in relation to citizens of the Republic of Uzbekistan. In particular, according to the Minsk Convention of 1993 "on legal relations and legal assistance in civil, family and criminal matters", the archive staff ensures the execution of letters, questionnaires and applications received from citizens.

Bektimir district in Tashkent is one of the youngest districts, according to the information given by employees of the bodies of the registry office Akramova Halida Akramovna, Mirzakhmedova Nargis Nigmatovna worked as a director in the regional marriage registration during the past period. Since

2011 Maksudova has been serving as the director Maksudova Mavjuda Asatullaevna, and Karamatullaeva Shohida Yuldashevna as the second categoryektor. From 1990 to 2016 in the Department of marriage registration Bektemir District of Tashkent City:

About birth-23140 pieces

About the structure of the marriage-8927 pieces

About divorce from marriage-2280 pieces

About death-there are 8083 inscriptions, birth-118 pieces, marriage-45 pieces, divorce from marriage-20 pieces, death-44 pieces shown in the form of books.

In 2021, 469 marriages, divorce from 116 marriages, 1112 births, 317 cases of death were registered by the Department of marriage registration of Bektemir district.

The present-day Mirabad district CSR department was established in 1930 in Lenin district. Umarova Shakhnoza Turapovna - from 1981 to 1994, Begalieva Rakhima Nuralievna - from 1994 to 2003, Ermatova Gulnora Sayfullaevna - from 2003 to 2005, from September 2012 to the present G.B. Kulmatova as the director is working.

In 1995, Lenin district was renamed Mirabad district. From 1944 to the present day, all the records of the acts in the office have been kept in the correct order in the departments of CSR. The office archive is equipped with iron racks and is housed in a separate room with an iron door protected from sunlight. In 2008, the department reviewed the "Archive Fund" and all the information is available in books sewn in the form of notebooks. In the archives of CSR records of acts of birth, marriage, divorce, death, restoration, paternity and adoption from 1944 to the present day:

Births-738

marriage -255

Divorce-12 pcs

Death-384 pcs

Restoration-46 pcs

Paternity appointment-27

There are 10 adoption books on adoption.

In 2021, 1086 marriages, 378 divorces, 2715 births and 1181 deaths were registered by the Mirabad district CSR department.

Mirzo Ulugbek (Kuybishev) district of Tashkent was founded in 1918 and is currently preserved in the archives of the department of act records from 1944 to the present day. Mirzo Ulugbek district department of CSR regularly conducts legal advocacy work among the population. In particular, every year the School of Young Family Builders "Family - the Holy Motherland" is held. In addition, in

cooperation with the Mirzo Ulugbek Medical Association, in cooperation with the Mahalla Citizens' Assembly, legal advocacy work is carried out with schools, universities, on television, radio and in the press.

Analysis of various problems of the population and the family, which is its main link, on the basis of political, social and economic processes ensures the interests of the family. It provides legal insights into the direct involvement of CSR bodies in the protection of motherhood and childhood in the exercise of the constitutional rights of citizens and helps to increase the legal awareness of citizens. The implementation of 337 letters from the CIS countries on the basis of the Minsk Convention was also ensured in a timely manner.

The department of CSR of Almazar district was established in 1971 in Sabir Rakhimov district. So far, the Family Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Rules of Registration of Civil Status Acts approved by the Cabinet of Ministers, the Instruction on the procedure for registration in the Civil Registry Offices, orders of the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Tashkent City Department of Justice and works on the basis of assignments.

In pursuance of the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated July 5, 2002 No 242 "On measures to increase medical literacy in the family, strengthen women's health, birth of a healthy generation and its upbringing" in cooperation with medical institutions, meetings in educational institutions, roundtables. Also, in order to ensure the implementation of the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of August 25, 2003 "On approval of the Regulations on medical examinations of married persons", educational institutions, colleges, newlyweds, schools for young families regularly explain the benefits of premarital medical examinations. . According to the plan, the district department of CSR conducts trainings "Young Family School".

Birth, marriage, divorce, paternity, death, adoption cases are registered by the Department of Civil Registry Office of Almazar district, as well as changes, corrections, additions are made to the records of the act. From this on the basis of the application, on the basis of the decision of the governor, according to the decision of the court, changes are made in different senses. In 2021, 2976 marriages, 642 divorces, 9558 births and 2248 deaths were registered by the Almazar district CSR department.

In addition, the team "Hayot" in connection with the active participation of employees of the Tashkent Civil Registry Office in the competition "My profession is my honor" dedicated to the 25th anniversary of independence of the country "Year of Healthy Mother and Child" and the International Family Day. Awarded a 1st degree diploma. 232,697,158 soums of state duty, 268,286,105 soums of stamp duty and 21,876,635 soums of fees were collected by the Almazar district CSR department for the actions carried out in 2016.

The Sergeli district branch of the Civil Registry Office of Tashkent was established in 1967, and since that time all civil registrations have been registered.

Every year, according to the work plan, the staff of the department conducts legal advocacy work on the ground.

In particular, Sergeli district specialized secondary school No. 300 "Trafficking in human beings", "Preparing girls for family life and preventing their early marriage", "Prevention of juvenile delinquency and delinquency", Sergeli Polytechnic Vocational College The 5th lesson of the young family school "family- - country support" organized under the department of CSR was held. The content and significance of the speech of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the occasion of the 23rd anniversary of the adoption of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the 2016 Year of the Healthy Mother and Child, Family Code. Termination of marriage. Importance of marriage ", content and implementation of the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PP-2221 of August 1, 2014" On the State Program for Strengthening Reproductive Health, Maternal, Child and Adolescent Health in Uzbekistan for 2014-2014 " , "Combating the spread of HIV in the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2014-2016."

A number of similar events are held, especially in educational institutions located close to the department. For example, Sergeli Medical College will hold lectures and talks on "Prevention of AIDS and sexually transmitted infections among married people", "Legalization of marriage, prevention of sharia marriages", "Prevention of intermarriage and marriage between close relatives."

Uchtepa (formerly Akmal Ikramov) district of Tashkent city was established in January 1978 and renamed Uchtepa district on behalf of A. Ikramov by the resolutions of the Senate of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. 39 of May 1, 2005 and the mayor of Tashkent No. 239 of May 18, 2005. . On January 10, 1978, the marriages of citizens Nesterov Gennady Konstantinovich and Nesterova Nina Petorovna were registered in the act No. 1, and to date, 36,905 marriages have been solemnly registered in the department. From the first day of the department, from 1978 to 1988, the director was Sadikova Sanoat Sadikovna. From 1988 to 1996 Yunusova Mamura, from 1997 to 1998 Islamova Munira Rakhmatovna, from 1999 to 2009 Mirkhamidova Zulfiya Nazarovna worked as the director.

From 2009 to present, the head of the department of CSR Uchtepa district Abdusalamova Nozima Safarovna.

Inspector of the 1st category Yuldasheva Zilola Djalalidinovna, inspectors of the 2nd category: Mahmudova Ozoda Sultanbekovna, Inoyatova Dildora Anvarovna provided qualified legal services to the population of the district.

In addition to their work, the staff of the Uchtepa District Department of Civil Registry took part in legal advocacy among the population of the district. responsibilities, protection of motherhood and childhood, reproductive health, incest, juvenile rights, and other topics.

In addition, a young family school "Family - Fortress of Love" was established under the department, which involved students of 7 colleges and academic lyceums of Uchtepa district, as well as young people who are getting married. Representatives of exemplary families who have lived together for years are invited to talk to young people about the sanctity of family and marriage, the relationship between family members, parents and children, the secrets of a happy life, youth rights and other relevant topics. Employees of the Civil Registry Office have been actively involved in every holiday

event and charity event organized in the district. Since March 2016, the Uchtepa district CSR department continues its work in a new building in the 22nd district, Foziltepa Street, built in a modern style and equipped with modern equipment. The opening ceremony of the building was held on May 15 on the occasion of World Family Day.

In addition, the department carried out a number of legal advocacy activities in the district mahallas, colleges and academic lyceums, including: 35 broadcasts on television, 10 broadcasts on radio, 10 articles on the website of Justice, more than 20 articles in newspapers. In 2021, 2683 marriages, 530 divorces, 8272 births and 2038 deaths were registered by the Uchtepa district CSR department.

Chilanzar district former (Stalin) FXDYo department was established in 1963. The district CSR department was headed in 1972 by Panova Valentina Alexandrovna. Since 1991, Kasimova has been headed by Shoxista Abdukarimovna.

From 2005 to 2011 Suleymanova Diloru Adkhamovna and in January-October 2011 Azizova Gulchehra Mukhtarovna worked in the department of CSR.

From 2011 to the present day Eshmanova Sabokhat Muhamedovna has been working as the head of the department of CSR.

The department currently has 1 Category 1 inspector and 5 Category 2 inspectors and 1 executive secretary who are diligently performing their duties on the problem in the field and their solution.

From 1963 to 2016, the number of records in the CSR department was 481,847, of which 262,762 were births, 62,772 were marriages, 41,275 were divorces and 115,038 were deaths.

In addition, the books of records of all cases belonging to the Stalin district from 1944 to 1956 are kept in the archives of the Chilanzar district CSR. In 2021, 2327 marriages, 567 divorces, 4997 births, 1849 deaths were registered by the Chilanzar district CSR department.

Tashkent city Shayhantahur district CSR department (former Oktyabr district ZAGS department) was founded in 1923. As this district is one of the oldest, central and densely populated districts, in 1971 Sabir Rakhimov district was formed from a part of Oktyabr district, and in 1978 Akmal Ikramov district was formed from a part of it. From 1963 to 1974 the department was headed by Alimova Nazira, from 1974 to 1978 Hametova Gulchehra, from 1978 to 1979 Kuchieva Rixsi Usmanovna, from 1979 to 2001 Sharipova Mastura Akhrarovna, who had a great qualification among the staff of the registries. Islamova Munirakhon Rakhmatovna has held this position since 2001. Since 2010 Abdulazizova Ozoda Mansurovna has been appointed the head of the department of CSR of Shayhantahur district and still works.

Every state and society that follows the path of development recognizes, glorifies and respects women as saints. It can be said that in the first years of Uzbekistan's independence, women have achieved their high status. The rights and freedoms of women, their legitimate interests are becoming stronger in our national legislation and are in the constant focus of the policy of our state. In our

country, the legal framework for increasing the role of women in the development of the state, family and society, cultural, educational, economic, social and political life is being further improved. “On Measures to Enhance the Role of Women in State and Social Construction of the Republic of Uzbekistan”, “On Additional Measures to Strengthen the Social Protection of Women”, “On Additional Measures to Support the Activities of the Women's Committee of Uzbekistan” These decrees are among them. Such existing legal and regulatory documents, along with the creation of all conditions and opportunities for women, play an invaluable role in the well-being of the family, the well-being of children, the stability of our peace. In this regard, in accordance with the above-mentioned Presidential Decrees and Resolutions of the Government, in 2016, the staff of the department conducted 9 public hearings on television, 7 on the radio and 1 on the website. , 3 speeches were made in the press, 42 oral advocacy works were carried out in mahallas, higher, secondary special and secondary educational institutions. The number of birth certificates registered in 2016 was 6,521, the number of marriages was 844, and the number of deaths was 1,569.

479 applications for changes, corrections and additions to the record of the act will be considered, 11 applications will be considered on the basis of the conclusion, and 25 applications will be considered by the decision of the court and the governor. In 2021, 2688 marriages, 542 divorces, 8288 births, 1816 deaths were registered by the Department of CSR of Shayhantahur district.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the presence in our country of support centers for young families, whose task, based on our mentality, to study the problems that arise in each family and prevent divorces, is becoming one of the urgent tasks of today. Registry offices have taken their place as the first bodies that register and issue births, deaths, marriage registrations and decrees. In our country, despite the fact that there are many relevant areas, the family issue has reached the first level of resolution, that is, the level of politics. The fact that the issue of the family is put in the first place in Uzbekistan serves as a basis for the bodies and organizations involved in this area to conduct their activities responsibly, as evidenced by the presence of strict control and consistent implementation of their activities.

To date, it is clear that the activities of the registry offices under the Department of Justice in Tashkent and the importance of regular registration of the population and their services in improving the legal literacy of the population are very important.

In general, information based on many facts was presented to determine the role and importance of the registry offices, which are considered the main factor in the legal formation of the family, and they still show their potential in their place

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